Canadian Journal of Biotechnology

ISSN 2560-8304 Poster Presentation



Category: Animal genomics

Identification of molecular markers in *Labeo rohita* towards better carbohydrate utilization

Parameswari Behera, Amrendra Kumar, Kiran D. Rasal, Lakshman Sahoo, Samiran Nandi and Jitendra K Sundaray*

ICAR - Central Institute of Freshwater Aquaculture, Bhubaneswar, INDIA

Presenting author: parameswaribehera1992@gmail.com

Abstract

The contribution of aquaculture products in providing nutritional and food security to human is increasing expeditiously with the increase in animal protein demand. Feed cost contributes more than 60% of the cost of aquaculture production. Henceforth, formulation of cheap fish feed is one of the greatest challenges in aquaculture industry. Carbohydrates are the cheap source of dietary energy. So their level of utilization in fish is an exciting area in research for decreasing the fish feed cost. Molecular markers such as microsatellite and single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) are used for genetic mapping, quantitative trait loci identification and genome-wide association studies in several aquaculture species. In this experiment, SNPs and microsatellite markers linked to carbohydrate utilization in *Labeo* rohita were identified. Liver tissue samples of *Labeo rohita* and *Labeo bata* were collected from individuals fed with a customized diet with 40% carbohydrate for a period of 21 days. RNA was extracted and cDNA library was prepared and sequenced on Illumina NextSeq 500 platform. 7.5 GB of data was generated from each species. Assembly of rohu data resulted in 70, 225 contigs, out of which 6284 microsatellite markers were identified. Among which, 3838, 1817, 488, 132 and 9 were di-, tri-, tetra-, penta- and hexa-repeats, respectively. Primer modelling was successful for 4190 sequences. Similarly, 2, 14, 071 SNPs were identified using CLC bio v7.0.4 and utilizing Illumina reads obtained from *Labeo bata*. This study can be helpful in efficient use of carbohydrate in *Labeo* species for decreasing feed cost globally.

References

[1] Mohapatra, S., Chakraborty, T., Prusty, A.K., Das, P., Paniprasad, K. and Mohanta, K.N. (2012) Use of different microbial probiotics in the diet of rohu, *Labeo rohita* fingerlings: effects on growth, nutrient digestibility and retention, digestive enzyme activities and intestinal microflora. *Aquaculture Nutrition* 18: 1-11. <u>https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1365-2095.2011.00866.x</u>
[2] Das, S., Chhottaray, C., Das, M.K., Saha, J.N., Baranski, M., Robinson, N. and Sahoo, P.K. (2014) Analysis of immune-related ESTs and differential expression analysis of few important genes in lines of rohu (Labeo rohita) selected for resistance and susceptibility to Aeromonas hydrophila infection. *Mol Biol Reps* 41: 7361-7371. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/s11033-014-3625-4</u>
[3] Abro, R. (2014) Digestion and metabolism of carbohydrates in fish. *Acta Universitatis agriculturae Sueciae* 1652-6880. ISBN 978-91-576-7950-5.

[4] Orire, A.M. and Sadiku, S.O.E (2014) Effects of carbohydrate sources on the growth and body compositions of African catfish (Clarias gariepinus). *International Journal of Fisheries and Aquaculture* 6: 55-61. <u>https://doi.org/10.5897/IJFA13.0378</u>
[5] Wilson, R.P. (1994) Utilization of dietary carbohydrate by fish. *Aquaculture* 124: 67-80. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/0044-8486(94)90363-8</u>

Citation: Behera, P., Kumar, A., Rasal, K.D., Sahoo, L., Nandi, S. and Sundaray, J.K.. Identification of molecular markers in *Labeo rohita* towards better carbohydrate utilization [Abstract]. In: Abstracts of the NGBT conference; Oct 02-04, 2017; Bhubaneswar, Odisha, India: Can J biotech, Volume 1, Special Issue, Page 21. <u>https://doi.org/10.24870/cjb.2017-a9</u>

Can J Biotech http://www.canadianjbiotech.com

© 2017 Behera et al.; licensee Canadian Journal of Biotechnology. This is an open access article distributed as per the terms of Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial 4.0 International (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc/4.0/), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited.

²¹ Page